

THE OVERLOOKED LINE ITEM

Unlocking Financial Value Through Energy Management in Healthcare

Mike O'Neill: Director of Finance

Jeff Rich: Chief Innovation Officer



ENERATION: THE TEAM BEHIND THE NATION'S FIRST ENERGY INDEPENDENT HEALTHCARE SYSTEM



Alan Eber Chief Executive Officer



Jeff Rich Chief Innovation Officer



Laura Olson Chief Business Development Officer

- Focused on sustainable energy improvement
- Over 60 combined years of healthcare experience
- Facility management, engineering, process improvement, and business expertise
- Faced the unique challenges & opportunities confronting healthcare leaders



Mike O'Neill Director of Finance



Jesse Beckendorf Lead Program Manager



Rick Vogel Engineer



ELIMINATION OF WASTE IS AT THE CORE OF "LEAN" AND "SUSTAINABILITY"



- Reduce
- Reuse
- Recycle





WHY FOCUS ON THE ENERGY SPEND?

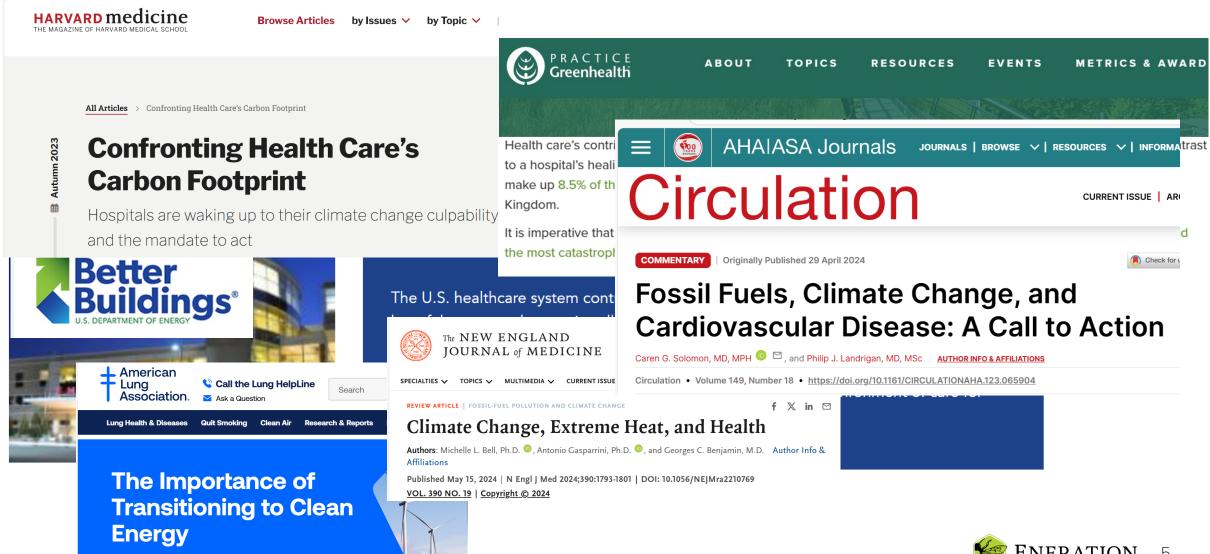


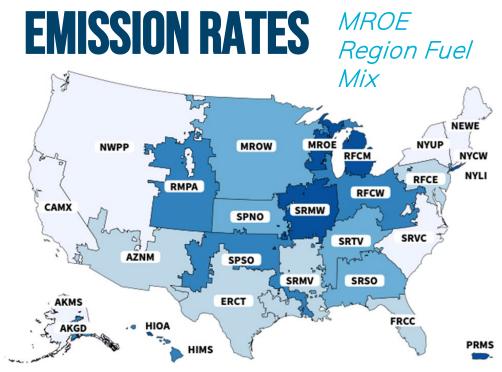
- Quick, measurable successes
- Significant <u>savings</u>
- Significant <u>emissions reduction</u>
- Not disruptive to operations
- Builds broad support
- Opportunities to scale



HEALTHCARE CONTRIBUTES 8 – 10% OF U.S. EMISSIONS

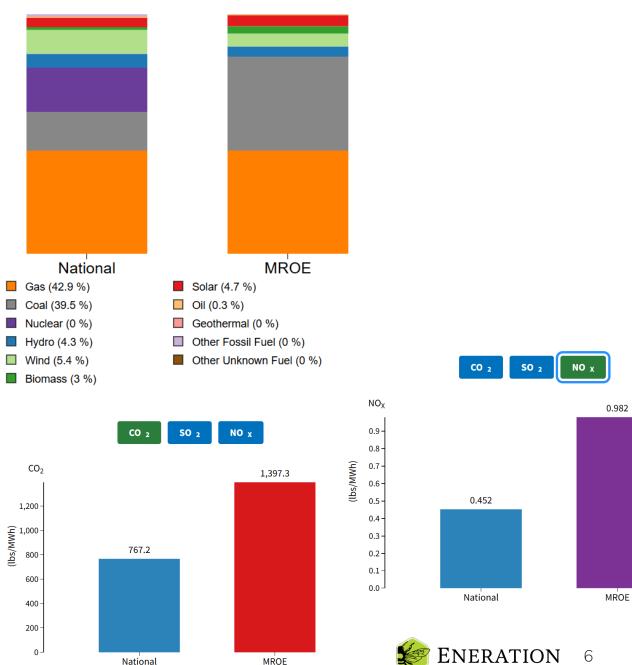
Primum non nocere – First, Do No Harm.





Midwest Reliability Organization – East (MROE)





MROE

National

FACILITY ENERGY WASTE

Healthcare facilities are among the most energy intensive buildings

Providence Swedish Issaquah among U.S. hospitals leading energy stewardship



Case Study: New Clinic is Net-Zero



Built: 2023 Median Clinic Energy Use in Climate Zone 6/Cold: 70 kBtu/sq. ft

Elroy Clinic Energy Use in Climate Zone 6/Cold: 0 kBtu/sq. ft.

Facility Life Cycle Cost Savings: \$311,600*

*Based on a 50-year life span and not adjusted for inflation

CASE STUDY: NEW HOSPITAL AMONG TOP 1%

MOST ENERGY-EFFICIENT FACILITIES

Type of building: New Inpatient Hospital

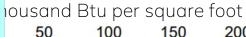
Size: 433,000 sq. ft.

Median Hospital Energy Use in Climate Zone 6/Cold: 253 kBtu/sq. ft.

Legacy Hospital Energy Use in Climate Zone 6/Cold: 135 kBtu/sq. ft.

Annual Cost savings realized: \$650,000 annually

Facility Life Cycle Cost Savings: \$32,500,000*



150

250

inpatient health care**

enclosed and strip malls public order and safety

outpatient health care*

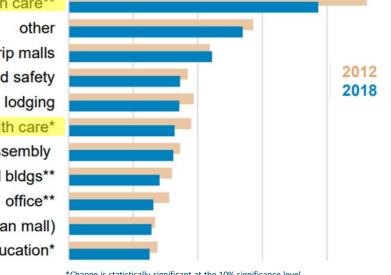
public assembly

average for all commercial bldgs**

office**

retail (other than mall)

education*



*Change is statistically significant at the 10% significance level

** Change is statistically significant at the 5% significance level.

New Clinic Uses Half the Energy; Recognized by DOE



Median Clinic Energy Use in Climate Zone 6/Cold: 70 kBtu/sq. ft Annual Cost Savings Realized vs. Median: Nearly 50% of energy costs Facility Life Cycle Cost Savings: \$4,000,000 *Based on a 50-year life span and a 3% inflation rate.

Type of building: New Construction - Outpatient Medical Center



WHY DON'T HEALTHCARE BUILDINGS PERFORM WELL?

They are frequently missing a management process

Existing Facilities:

- Energy performance is not "top-of-mind"
 - ✓ Fraction of annual expense budget usually ~1%
- Lack of metrics, benchmarks, and dashboards
- Little understanding of impacts & opportunity
- No energy goals for staff focused on comfort complaints
- Resource constraints

New Facilities:

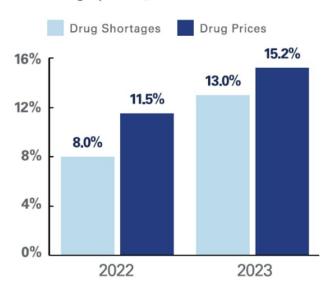
- Life cycle costs are not understood by owners
 - ✓ Energy efficiency targets are not required
- Priority is to deliver under capital budget and on schedule
 - ✓ Efficient energy design can require sensible capital investment
- Weak performance mechanisms in design and construction contracts
 - ✓ Many buildings are never commissioned by a third party

TYPICAL HOSPITAL EXPENSE ALLOCATION

Strong, recent headwinds for variable cost mitigation

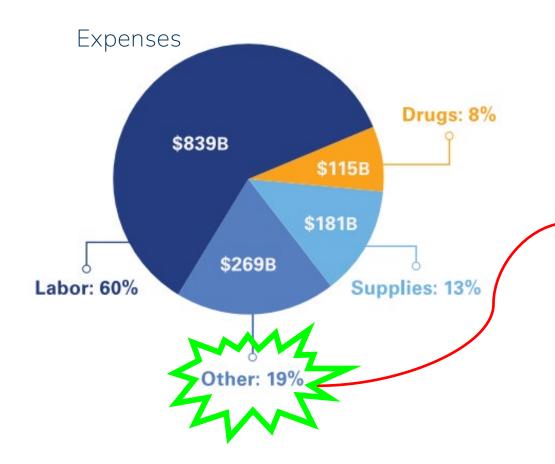
Figure 9. Growth in Total Hospital Employee Compensation Far Outpaces Inflation Hospital Employee Inflation Compensation 50% 45.0% Drugs: 8% \$839B 40% 28.7% 30% 3181B 20% \$269B 10% Labor: 60% Supplies: 13% 0% 2014 to 2023

Figure 8. Increase in drug shortages and drugs prices, 2022-2023

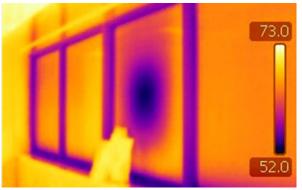


Hospital supply expenses per patient increased **18.5%** between 2019 and 2022, outpacing increases in inflation by nearly 30%.

FIXED COST OPPORTUNITY?







Other Expense Category:

- Includes non-labor costs
 - purchased services, facilities, utilities, I.T., etc.
- Assumed to have little opportunity
- Not an area of expertise or focus
- "The cost of saving lives"

LEVERAGE FOR TWO-SIDED GREEN

How much revenue is needed to offset each dollar of operating expense?

\$Cost

When margins are thin, cost reduction projects have more leverage

Operating Margin	Multiplier	Revenue needed to offset \$1K of operating expense	
1%	100x	\$100,000	
2%	50x	\$50,000	
3%	33x	\$33,000	
4%	25x	\$25,000	
5%	20x	\$20,000	
10%	10x	\$10,000	
20%	5x	\$5,000	





Operating Margin Impact

Healthcare facility space annual O&M cost*



Energy comprises ~20% of total facility O&M cost

Hospital data

- American Society of Healthcare Engineers (ASHE) Benchmarks Report
- 151 hospitals in the U.S. and Canada

Clinic data

Eneration sample

Facility Type	Size (Sq Ft)	Annual O&M Expense
Large Hospital	500,000	\$9,245,000
Critical Access Hospital	100,000	\$1,849,000
Large Outpatient	50,000	\$558,500
Small Outpatient	10,000	\$111,700



Hospital Clinic \$/Sqft Utilities Nat Gas \$ 1.18 0.65 2.49 1.25 Electricity \$ 0.25 | \$ Water \$ 0.15 0.18 0.12 Sewerl \$ Fuel Oil #2 \$ 0.12 4.22 2.17 4.23 3.20 Maintenance \$ Env. Services | \$ 8.14 5.00 0.40 \$ 0.30 Insurance \$ Security 1.50 0.50 Total \$ 18.49 11.17

^{*}Data do not include taxes, depreciation, debt financing or remodeling costs

WISCONSIN "MEDIAN" HOSPITAL ENERGY PERFORMANCE

Revenue required to offset @4% margin ~ \$48M

Large WI Hospital (~500,000 sq ft)

Annual Electricity Cost = \$1,650,000

Annual Natural Gas Cost = \$272,000

Annual Emissions = 178,845,000 lbs.

Primary Function	Further Breakdown (where needed)	Source EUI (kBtu/ft²)	Site EUI (kBtu/ft²)
Ambulatory Surgical Center		138.3	62.0
Hospital	Hospital (General Medical & Surgical)*	426.9	234.3
	Other/Specialty Hospital	433.9	206.7
Medical Office*		232.8	97.7

Revenue required to offset @4% margin ~ \$1.1M

Small WI Hospital (~100,000 sq ft)

Annual Electricity Cost = \$378,000

Annual Natural Gas Cost = \$62,000

Annual Emissions = 40,900,000 lbs.



Target: Target ENERGY STAR

Score: 50

Uses: Hospital (General Medical

& Surgical) (100.0%)

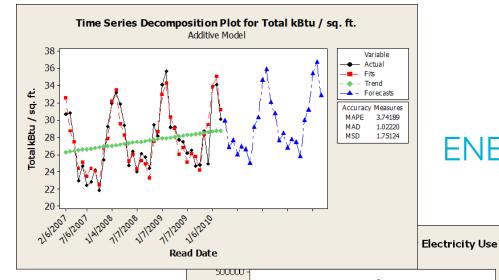
Energy Ene Types: Ass

Energy Not Entered
Assumed Mix Based on

State & Property Type:

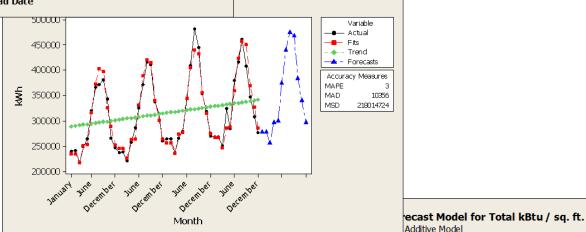
Electric - Grid (41.9%) Natural Gas (58.1%)

THINGS GET WORSE **OVER TIME**



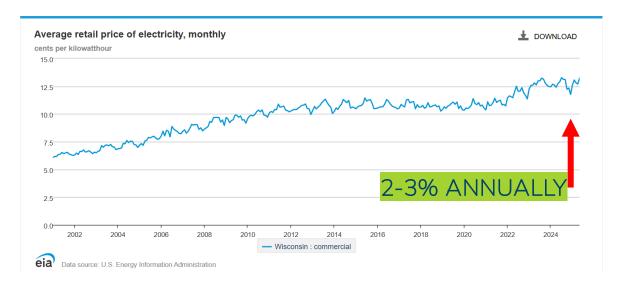
ENERGY EROSION

2-3% ANNUALLY



Source: Energtion

Retail Price Increases



Additive Model Actual —∎— Fits Forecasts Accuracy Measures MAD MSD

Read Date

3.54000

0.89532

1.49892

"BUSINSS AS USUAL" Annual accepted increases by many

Energy Erosion 2-3% Price increase Total energy increase

2-3% 2-3% 1-6%



Al Needs More Abundant Power Supplies to Keep Driving Economic Growth ≈

The power-hungry technology requires policies to help expand electricity supplies, incentivize alternative sources, and help contain price surges

Christian Bogmans, Patricia Gomez-Gonzalez, Giovanni Melina, Sneha Thube

May 13, 2025

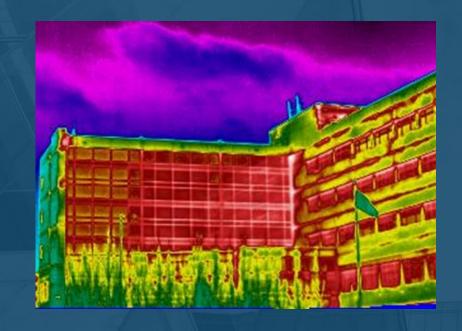
MN Facility Type	Square Feet	Annual Energy Cost Increase	Required Revenue Increase to Offset @ 4% Margin
Large Hospital	500,000	\$86,490	\$2,162,250
Critical Access Hospital	100,000	\$19,800	\$495,000



WHAT HAVE WE FOUND?

Туре	Sq Ft	Annual Spend	% Waste	Identified Savings	Payback (Yrs.)
МОВ	73,785	\$260,000	30%	\$76,878	3.2
Medical Center	218,906	\$1,700,000	56%	\$955,935	2.0
Medical Center	310,000	\$1,000,000	36%	\$361,000	2.3
Medical Center	500,000	\$2,300,000	35%	\$800,000	4.3
Clinic	360,000	\$1,300,000	23%	\$294,710	3.9
Clinic	44,000	\$73,000	38%	\$28,000	1.5
Clinic	39,000	\$90,000	44%	\$40,000	1.0
CAH	75,000	\$300,000	18%	\$55,000	2.0
САН	160,000	\$530,000	21%	\$113,467	4.1
		\$7,553,000	36%	\$2,724,990	3.0

New Facilities Are Not Immune!



- High Tech High Performance
- LEED certification
 High
 - Performance



MANAGE ENERGY PERFORMANCE

Keys to Success

- Measure and Benchmark
- Set goals
- Identify & define projects
 - Conservation first!
- Allocate resources & implement
- Review progress
- Celebrate
- Repeat



EXISTING FACILITY CASE STUDY



Type of building: Critical Access Hospital

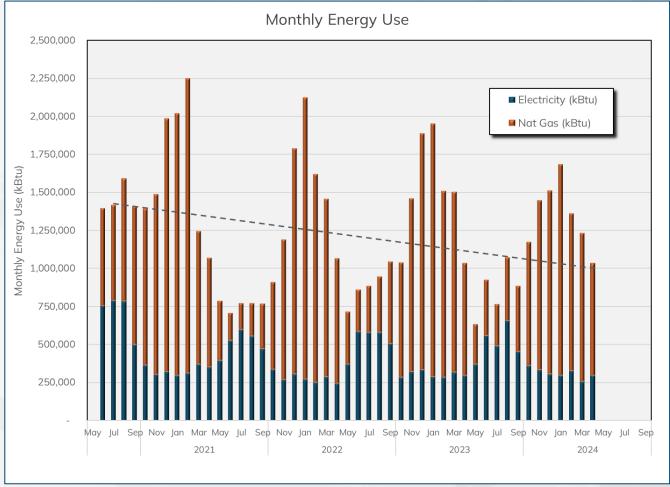
Size: 68,000 sq. ft.

Built: 2020

Energy Intensity Improvement: 20%

Annual cost savings: \$50,000

No Capital Investment



EXISTING FACILITY CASE STUDY



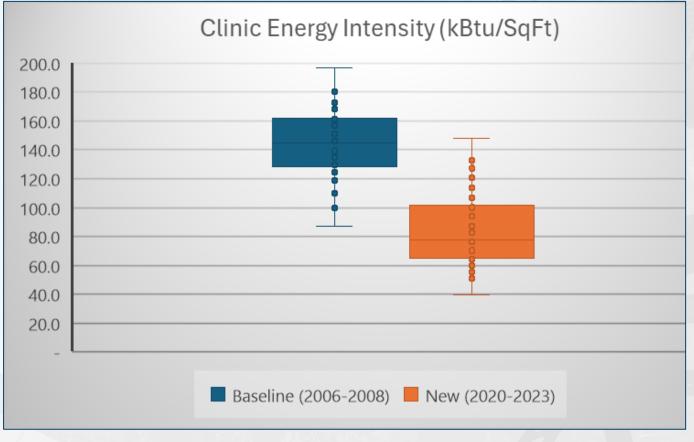
Type of building: Outpatient Clinic

Size: 39,000 sq. ft.

Built: 2006

Energy Intensity Improvement: 50%

Annual cost savings: \$40,000



BUILD BETTER ENERGY PERFORMANCE

Keys to Success

- Quantify life-cycle energy cost & emissions for facility
- Set energy performance goals
- Drive alignment through contract language
- Model and compare design choice trade-offs
- Certify construction through commissioning
- Validate energy performance post-occupancy





NEW FACILITY CASE STUDY - NET ZERO CLINIC



Type of building: New Construction – Outpatient Medical Clinic

Size: 9,400 sq. ft.

Built: 2023

Median Clinic Energy Use in Climate Zone 6/Cold: 70 kBtu/sq. ft.

Energy Use in Climate Zone 6/Cold: 0 kBtu/sq. ft.

Facility Life Cycle Cost Savings: \$311,600*

*Based on a 50-year life span and not adjusted for inflation.



NEW FACILITY CASE STUDY - HIGH PERFORMANCE HOSPITAL



Type of building: New Inpatient Hospital

Size: 433,000 sq. ft.

Built: 2012-2014

Median Hospital Energy Use in Climate Zone 6/Cold: 253 kBtu/sq. ft.

Legacy Hospital Energy Use in Climate Zone 6/Cold: 135 kBtu/sq. ft.

Annual Cost savings realized: \$650,000 annually

Facility Life Cycle Cost Savings: \$32,500,000*



THANK YOU!

For what you do every day for your patients and your community

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ENERATION

Healthcare's energy independent future



